**Table 8: Summary of Alternative Actions** 

\* Note: Not every detail or subtopic is summarized in this table. For additional details, see the "Alternatives, Including the Proposed Action" section.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1	ALTERNATIVE 2	ALTERNATIVE 3	ALTERNATIVE 4
	PROPOSED ACTION	NO ACTION	PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
ALTERNATIVE CONCEPTS	To achieve a balance between resource protection and visitor use, the parks' natural and cultural resources would be preserved and protected, but restoration would be emphasized more than currently where sensitive resources were at risk. In-depth interpretation would be provided both in facilities and onsite. Orientation would help visitors easily access both facility-based and resource-based interpretation and visitor opportunities. Major developments would be focused along U.S. Highways 101 and 199. Facilities would be retained in areas with sensitive resources. However, new uses and facilities to enhance visitor experiences in such areas of the parks would be required to be low impact. New visitor services and facilities in other areas of the parks would be provided to enhance visitor experiences if the services and facilities did not impact sensitive resources.	Under this alternative the agencies would continue what they are doing for natural and cultural resource protection, preservation, and restoration. Orientation information would be provided primarily through interpretation would be provided through a combination of personal and nonpersonal services. Major development would be focused along U.S. Highways 101 and 199, and the agencies would encourage that visitor services and facilities be developed outside the parks.	The restoration, protection, and preservation of natural and cultural resources would be emphasized under this alternative — instead of providing a wide spectrum of visitor experiences (the opposite emphasis from alternative 4). In-depth interpretation would be provided only in ways that would not affect sensitive resources, and the public would be educated so that they would support the protection of the resources. Major developments would be focused along U.S. Highways 101 and 199 and outside the parks. The relocation of facilities now in these areas that have sensitive resources, and the restoration of the sites, would be considered. No new impacts would be allowed in areas with sensitive resources. New visitor services and facilities in other areas of the parks would be limited to those that protect the public and the resources. Most new visitor services and facilities would be provided outside the parks.	Under this alternative, the agencies' highest priorities would be to provide a wide spectrum of appropriate visitor experiences that relate to RNSP resources. RNSP resources and values would be protected, but complete restoration would receive less emphasis than it does currently. Interpretation, orientation, and visitor facilities would be provided at many locations throughout the parks to facilitate hands-on experiences. Major development would be focused along U.S. Highways 101 and 199. Facilities would be retained in areas with sensitive resources. New uses might be allowed in these and other areas of the parks, with mitigation. New visitor services and facilities would be provided in and near the parks by the federal and state governments and in partnership with others

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
NATURAL RESOURCE M	IANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION			
Watershed Management and Restoration within and upstream of the Parks	Within the National Park: Increase watershed restoration efforts over current levels, treating an average of 9.5 miles/year. Emphasize partial landform restoration, with complete removal of all major logging roads and limited removal of minor logging roads that pose greatest threats. About 17 years would be required to treat 155 miles of roads.  Upstream of the National Park: Depending on opportunities, treat up to 40 miles of roads per year. Emphasize road decommissioning and erosion prevention. About 23 years would be required to treat the existing 911 miles of logging roads.	Within the National Park: Treat about 2 miles of roads per year. Emphasize partial landform restoration, with complete removal of all major logging roads and limited removal of minor logging roads that pose greatest threats. About 66 years would be required to treat 155 miles of roads.  Upstream of the National Park: Depending on opportunities, treat up to 4 miles of roads per year. Emphasize road decommissioning and erosion prevention. About 227 years would be required to treat the existing 911 miles of logging roads.	Within the National Park: Treat about 9.4 miles of major roads and 99 miles of associate minor roads per year. About 16.6 years would be required to treat 155 miles of major roads and 1,643 miles of minor roads. Complete landform restoration would be emphasized.  Upstream of the National Park: Depending on opportunities for restoration, treat up to 54 miles of roads per year. Emphasize road decommissioning and erosion prevention. About 17 years would be required to treat the existing 911 miles of logging roads.	Same as alternative 1.
Watershed Management and Restoration in Redwood Creek Estuary	Manage and restore estuarine functions while maintaining, to the extent possible, land uses on adjacent private lands.	Maintain lower Redwood Creek hydrologic processes and flood control structures to protect re- sources and continue land uses.	Restore Redwood Creek estuary and adjacent creeks and sloughs to naturally functioning, pre-levee, and pre-breaching conditions.	Same as alternative 2.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
Vegetation Management	Managing Second-Growth Forests  — Emphasize managing second-growth stands that are critical to ecosystem restoration and consider managing second growth that would contribute to visitor use and enjoyment of the parks. Act to shorten time for forests to reattain characteristics and processes found in mature forests.	Managing Second-Growth Forests  — Allow second-growth forests to mature without intervention.  Continue demonstration projects and research into restoration techniques.	Managing Second-Growth Forests  — Act to shorten time for forests to reattain characteristics and processes found in mature forests. Emphasize managing secondgrowth stands that are critical to ecosystem restoration.	Managing Second-Growth Forests — Give priority to areas where visitor use and enjoyment would be increased. Allow other secondgrowth forest areas to mature on their own. Act to shorten time for forests to reattain characteristics and processes found in mature forests.
	Prairie Restoration — After evaluation, restore naturally occurring prairies, as well as prairies and oak woodlands maintained by American Indians through burning. Maintain selected forest openings for resource values.	Prairie Restoration — Manage Bald Hills prairies according to existing management plans. Use prescribed fire or cutting to remove encroaching conifers.	Prairie Restoration — Same as alternative 1.	Prairie Restoration — Maintain or restore selected prairies, oak woodlands, and forest openings based primarily on the objective of providing opportunities for visitor use and enjoyment.
	Fire Management — Establish a fire management plan to support resource management objectives, including restoration of fire in oldgrowth forests, prairies, oak woodlands, and coastal shrub communities as a natural process. Reestablish natural fire regimes to the greatest extent possible without unduly reducing visitation or visitor enjoyment using wildland fire and prescribed fire to achieve preestablished management objectives.	Fire Management — Implement existing fire management plans. Extinguish all wildland fires. Reintroduce fire into ecosystems where it historically had a role through project-specific prescribed fires.	Fire Management —Reestablish natural fire regimes to the greatest extent possible even if it causes temporary inconvenience to visitors or temporary reduction of visitor enjoyment.	Fire Management — Reestablish natural fire regimes only when it would not reduce visitor enjoyment or visitor use.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
CULTURAL RESOURCE	MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION	ON		
Historic Resources — Structures	Stabilize, preserve, and protect historic structures as appropriate. Options for parks' historic buildings and structures include: adaptive rehabilitation; historic property leasing program; interpretation; and discovery sites.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1, but place emphasis on preservation and interpretation of resources.	Similar to alternative 1, but place emphasis upon adaptive rehabilitation or onsite interpretation of resources.
Historic Resources — Cultural Landscapes	Prepare cultural landscape inventories or cultural landscape reports for potential cultural landscapes.  Until a cultural landscape report was completed for Bald Hills, manage area in accordance with existing plans.  Develop visitor use management plan for Bald Hills.  In consultation with the local American Indian tribes, actively interpret traditional uses of cultural landscapes.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1	ALTERNATIVE 2	ALTERNATIVE 3	ALTERNATIVE 4
	PROPOSED ACTION	NO ACTION	PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
Ethnographic Resources	Recognize historical presence of American Indians as important cultural element of parks. Protect ethnographic resources from desecration, and manage these resources with an emphasis on research, inventory, evaluation, and preservation of both resources and practices traditionally associated with them. Encourage opportunities for visitors to observe, experience, and learn about the traditional practices of American Indians without drawing attention to most sensitive of parks' ethnographic resources.  Complete ethnographic overview and traditional use study of parks.  Develop common understanding with the Yurok people regarding the preservation, management, interpretation, and use of the Brush Dance site.  Permit traditional uses of certain plants in accordance with the management of designated cultural landscapes.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Recognize historical presence of American Indians as an important cultural element of the parks. Protect and preserve many ethnographic sites, but also direct visitors to other sites developed to support active use and easy access. Where possible, permit representatives of American Indian tribes to participate in management and interpretation of parks' resources and encourage continuation of certain traditional practices. Offer visitors opportunity to observe, experience, and learn about current traditional practices and develop a greater appreciation for American Indian culture. Support traditional cultural activities that require specific plant materials through cultural demonstrations and sales outlets. Materials for these activities would not necessarily originate in the parks, however.  Permit traditional uses of certain plants in accordance with the management of designated cultural landscapes.  Perform demonstration Brush Dances for visitors. Possibly develop nonpark facilities at Brush Dance site to support increased visitor use.

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
Collections	Consolidate curatorial activities in an existing facility that provides adequate work space, storage, and equipment. Undertake survey of collections associated with parks to develop a finding aid. Prepare a protocol for accessioning materials and an archival processing plan to guide processing, maintenance, and access to collections. Develop computer- based access to collections.	Maintain collections in facilities that do not meet professional standards. Minimal resources would be available to process archival materials. Develop collections on case-by-case basis, without focusing on future development needs and limitations. Minimal computer-based access to collections would be available.	Expand facilities to provide adequate museum work space and storage. Defer requests for access until parks' collections were properly processed. Develop computer-based access.	Add materials to collections with emphasis on what best can be used to interpret parks' resources to the public. Locate facilities where best used for interpretation and by researchers and parks' staff. Provide staff access to all collections. Focus computer-based access to the collections and research information outwardly as a general tool for access by the public.
EDUCATION AND INTER	RPRETATION			
Orientation / Information	Upgrade waysides, directional signs, bulletin boards, and orientation kiosks. Coordinate information services and facilities through partnerships with others inside and outside the parks. Where feasible, consolidate information services and expand designated facilities.	Same as alternative 1.	Continue to provide orientation and information through personal services and publications. Provide activities only in developed areas. Stress preservation themes.	Same as alternative 1.
Interpretation	Use interpretive operations and media to provide a balance of general and preservation information about natural and cultural history topics. Provide in-depth interpretation of primary interpretive themes through additional facilities, publications, and programs. Provide additional opportunities for visitors to see and enjoy old-growth forests, wetlands, prairies, and sites related to American Indian culture; protect these sensitive resources by carefully managing visitor use.	Use interpretive operations and media to provide a balance of general and preservation information about natural and cultural history topics. Provide indepth interpretation of primary interpretive themes through additional publications and programs and a new primary visitor center. Provide limited opportunities to see and enjoy sensitive resources.	Use interpretive operations and media to provide a balance of general and preservation information about natural and cultural history topics.  Provide in-depth interpretation of primary interpretive themes through additional publications and programs and a new primary visitor center. Provide limited additional opportunities for visitors to see and enjoy sensitive resources.	Use interpretive operations and media to provide a balance of general and preservation information about natural and cultural history topics.  Provide in-depth interpretation of primary interpretive themes through additional facilities, publications, and programs. Provide additional opportunities for visitors to see and enjoy sensitive resources.
	Use interpretive operations and media in Bald Hills area to provide a balance of preservation and general information.	Use interpretive operations and media in Bald Hills area to provide a balance of preservation and general information.	Use interpretive operations and media in Bald Hills area to provide a balance of preservation and general information.	Use interpretive operations and media in Bald Hills area to provide a balance of preservation and general information.

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
Information, Orientation, and Interpretive Centers	Construct a primary visitor center, possibly in the vicinity of B-mill deck  Retain Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park visitor center and functions.  Combine functions of the Hiouchi information center and the Jedediah Smith Redwoods State Park visitor center into a new visitor center that would be built in the Hiouchi area. Retain Jedediah Smith Redwoods State Park visitor center to support campground operations.  Continue functions at the Redwood Information Center until new primary visitor center was built. Salvage center building and convert site to day use.  Provide information for Del Norte Coast Redwoods State Park through the Crescent City information center until that facility's functions are transferred to the Hiouchi center when it is built.	Retain visitor center at Jedediah Smith and Prairie Creek Redwoods State Parks.  Construct no primary visitor center within the parks, although one could be built outside the parks by a nonfederal entity.  Retain small information center at RNSP headquarters in Crescent City, and the Redwood Information Center.  Retain information center near Hiouchi on a seasonal basis.  Provide information for Del Norte Coast Redwoods State Park primarily through Crescent City center.	Construct primary visitor center outside the parks along Highway 101 and 199. Relocate interpretive functions at Redwood Information Center to the new visitor center. Salvage the Redwood Information Center and convert site to day use.  Retain Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park visitor center. Remove small visitor center at Jedediah Smith Redwoods State Park and provide information through the Crescent City headquarters/information center.  Remove Hiouchi information center and provide services through the Crescent City headquarters/information center.  Provide information for Del Norte Coast Redwoods State Park through the Crescent City center, although the entrance station would be retained.	Retain Jedediah Smith and Prairie Creek Redwoods State Parks visitor centers.  Develop small visitor center near Mill Creek campground.  American Indians or a private entity, in cooperation with RNSP staff, could construct primary visitor center adjacent to the parks. This could be done in conjunction with a destination lodge.  Relocate interpretive functions at the Redwood Information Center to the new primary visitor center. Salvage building and convert site to day use.  Retain information and orientation services at the Crescent City Information Center (unless opportunity arises to relocate these functions to a multiagency facility in or near Crescent City).  Remove Hiouchi information center and build a larger center in the Hiouchi area.
OUTDOOR SCHOOLS	Continue two outdoor schools. Develop expanded, revenue- generating use of the facility, inclu- ding conferences and educational programs by community groups, for winter and summer. As funding allows, expand education program, focusing on natural and cultural resources. Explore alternative funding and staffing approaches.	Same as alternative 1.	Continue operation, primarily in fall and spring, for kindergarten through 12th grade students. Incorporate natural and cultural resource management issues and methods into the curriculum.	Continue two outdoor schools.  Develop expanded, revenue- generating use of the facility, including conferences and edu- cational programs by community groups, for winter and summer. As funding allows, expand education program to include outreach to community schools and other educational groups and an onsite educational day use program.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
PUBLIC USE, RECREAT	ION, AND VISITOR SAFETY			
VISITOR USE LEVELS	Conduct visitor carrying capacity analysis and establish capacities for Tall Trees, Lady Bird Johnson, and Stout Groves and Fern Canyon. Based on results of analyses, facilities and parking areas at these areas might be modified to avoid adverse impacts.  Tall Trees Grove — Redesign trailhead and parking area within current limits of disturbance to improve appearance and circulation while maintaining current capacity.  Stout Grove — Consider construction of pedestrian access from adjacent sites, in conjunction with carrying capacity analysis.  Fern Canyon — Manage visitor use and relocate parking out of stream channel.  Enderts Beach Road — Convert to day use if necessary to resolve public use and resource degradation.  Crescent Beach — Relocate road, parking, trails, and restrooms out of wetlands.  Cultural Sites — Treat sensitive sites as discovery sites; manage access to selected cultural sites to protect the resources.	Manage visitor use in sensitive areas to maintain resource values and current levels of impact.  Tall Trees, Lady Bird Johnson, and Stout Groves — Retain parking and facilities.  Fern Canyon — Manage visitor use and relocate parking area out of stream channel.  Enderts Beach Road — Convert to day use if necessary to resolve public use and resource degradation issues.  Crescent Beach — Retain picnic area and facilities.  Cultural Sites — Encourage visitor access to selected cultural sites.  Most sites would remain discovery sites.	Limit visitor use so that there would be minimal impacts.  Tall Trees Grove — Close vehicle access and remove and restore parking area. Retain trail access.  Lady Bird Johnson and Stout Groves — Manage visitor use and possibly modify facilities.  Fern Canyon — Relocate parking out of stream channel.  Enderts Beach Road — Convert to day use.  Crescent Beach — Remove picnic area facilities and restore area.  Cultural Sites — Do not direct visitors to cultural sites that are important to American Indians or that have resources that could be easily damaged.	Allow visitor use to increase, with management actions to keep impacts within acceptable limits.  Tall Trees Grove — Retain trailhead and parking area for Tall Trees Grove. Manage visitor use and possibly modify facilities.  Lady Bird Johnson Grove — Manage visitor use and possibly modify facilities.  Stout Grove — Manage visitor use and consider expansion of facilities.  Fern Canyon — Manage visitor use and consider formalizing and expanding parking area.  Enderts Beach Road — Convert to day use if necessary to resolve public use and degradation issues.  Crescent Beach — Expand parking and picnic facilities and relocate facilities out of wetland.  Cultural Sites — Direct visitors to cultural sites, which would be developed to support active use.

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES Camping	Prepare backcountry management plan to specify location of camping areas and describe rules for back- country use.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.
	Provide a greater number and variety of developed campsites in existing campgrounds and possibly add new campgrounds in state parks. Construct no vehicle accessible campgrounds in Bald Hills.	Provide four additional developed campgrounds and additional campsites in existing campgrounds in state parks per existing plans.  Provide no vehicle accessible campgrounds in Bald Hills area.	Consider removing and relocating developed campsites in sensitive resource areas. Provide no vehicle accessible campgrounds in Bald Hills area.	Same as alternative 1, except consider constructing campgrounds in the Bald Hills area.
	Provide additional primitive campsites.	Provide additional primitive campsites.	Restrict primitive camping to existing, designated sites. Remove and relocate sites that are in sensitive resource areas.	Provide a greater number and variety of primitive camping experiences than under alternative 1.
Hiking	Maintain existing hiking trails, and construct trails called for in existing trails plan (consistent with management zones in this plan). Develop a regional trails system. Emphasize connections between major existing trails.	Maintain existing hiking trails, and construct trails called for in existing plans.	Remove or relocate trail sections in sensitive resource areas. Emphasize maintenance over new construction.	Same as alternative 1, plus develop additional hiking trails and trail connections.
Equestrian Use	Maintain current equestrian trails and construct trails called for in existing plans. Provide no equestrian trails on the east side of the Redwood Creek Basin. Remove, relocate, or redesignate sections of equestrian trails that are in sensitive resource areas. Develop a regional trails system.	Maintain current equestrian trails and construct trails called for in existing plans. Provide no equestrian trails on the east side of the Redwood Creek basin.	Remove, relocate, or redesignate sections of equestrian trails in sensitive resource areas. Develop no new equestrian trails.	Same as alternative 1.
Mountain Biking	Evaluate current trails and maintain appropriate mountain bike trails and construct new trails per existing plans. Designate a limited number of new trails where bicycles would not damage resources. Develop regional mountain bike trails system.	Maintain existing mountain bike trails and construct new trails per existing plans.	Remove, relocate, or redesignate sections of trails in sensitive resource areas. Develop no new mountain bike trails.	Maintain existing mountain bike trails and construct new trails per existing plans. Construct new trails in nonsensitive areas of the parks. Develop loop trail opportunities on certain abandoned logging roads in Coyote Creek basin. Develop regional trail system. Consider trail link to Crescent City.

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
FRESHWATER SPIT VISITOR USE	Eliminate overnight camping and designate the area for day use only. Seek to acquire site from Caltrans if necessary to manage public use appropriately.	Continue existing management. Restrict RV camping to single row along highway. Allow tent camping on south end of beach. Designate length-of-stay limits. Provide chemical toilets but not water.	Same as alternative 1.	Restrict camping to north end of spit. Provide water and restrooms, and charge fees. See to acquire sufficient interest in site from Caltrans if necessary to develop capital improvements.
VEHICLES ON BEACH	Eliminate off-road vehicle use other than that which is essential to provide access for commercial surf fishing and traditional American Indian fishing/gathering use. Continue off-road vehicle use for commercial surf fishing at Freshwater Spit and Gold Bluffs and Crescent Beaches by renewable, nontransferable annual permit only. Renew only permits issued in 1996, and issue no new permits. Continue off-road vehicle use on beaches in connection with traditional American Indian fishing/gathering activities that are consistent with the purposes of the parks at Gold Bluffs Beach under a CDPR permit system. Manage vehicle use to prevent resource damage and minimize use conflicts.	Eliminate off-road vehicle use other than that which is essential to provide access for commercial surf fishing and traditional American Indian fishing/gathering use. Continue off-road vehicle use for commercial surf fishing at Freshwater Spit and Gold Bluffs and Crescent Beaches by permit only. Continue off-road vehicle use on beaches in connection with traditional American Indian fishing/gathering activities that are consistent with the purposes of the parks at Gold Bluffs Beach under a CDPR permit system. Manage vehicle use to prevent resource damage and minimize use conflicts.	Eliminate off-road vehicle use other than that which is essential to provide access for commercial surf fishing and traditional American Indian fishing/gathering use. Continue off-road vehicle use for commercial surf fishing at Freshwater Spit, Gold Bluffs Beach, and Crescent Beach until the year 2001 by permit only. Renew only permits issued in 1996, and issue no new permits. Continue off-road vehicle use on beaches in connection with traditional American Indian fishing/gathering activities that are consistent with the purposes of the parks at Gold Bluffs Beach under a CDPR permit system. Manage vehicle use to prevent resource damage and minimize use conflicts.	Same as alternative 2.
Concessions	Continue horse and hostel concessions. If necessary, add other concessions operations supporting interpretation program, such as bus or hiking tours and shuttle services.	Continue horse and hostel concessions.	Same as alternative 2.	Expand concessions services to include a broad range of services, such as guides, hostels, bike rentals, bus tours, river running, and Freshwater Spit campground operations.

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS		
VISITOR ACCESS AND C	VISITOR ACCESS AND CIRCULATION / ROADS					
BALD HILLS ROAD	Encourage Humboldt County to maintain as low-speed gateway to diverse natural and cultural landscapes. Develop additional opportunities for hiking and to see scenic vistas and interpretive exhibits. Provide opportunities for visitors to observe various natural and cultural resource management projects.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1 except with fewer opportunities for hiking and seeing scenic vistas and interpretive exhibits.	Same as alternative 1.		
NEWTON B. DRURY SCENIC PARKWAY	No change.	Same as alternative 1.	Relocate road section to restore integrity of the prairie.	Same as alternative 1.		
DAVISON ROAD-GOLD BLUFFS BEACH ROAD TO FERN CANYON	Make minor improvements but retain as unpaved road. Evaluate alternative access to Fern Canyon, such as a shuttle service.	Keep two-way, unpaved road. Do not allow trailers.	Provide less intrusive access, such as a shuttle service, to Fern Canyon.	Pave, widen, and straighten the road.		
CAL-BARREL ROAD	Keep narrow, unsurfaced road. Improve drainage and treat erosion areas. Do not allow trailers.	Keep narrow, unsurfaced road. Do not allow trailers.	Remove road and convert to trail.	Pave and improve road.		
JEDEDIAH SMITH REDWOODS STATE PARK ENTRANCE	Relocate park entrance in the Hiouchi area as part of proposed new information center.	Retain existing entrance road and entrance station.	Retain existing entrance and make access improvements to enhance circulation into the park.	Same as alternative 1.		
STOUT GROVE	Make minor improvements to access road and parking to better protect resources.	Retain existing entrance and parking.	Same as alternative 2 only reduce size of parking area.	Pave access road and enlarge parking area.		
HOWLAND HILL ROAD	Keep two-way, unsurfaced road, with some minor improvements.	Retain two-way, unsurfaced road.	Make into one-way road during peak visitor season. Treat eroded areas.	Pave road and provide additional pullouts.		
TALL TREES GROVE ACCESS ROAD	Keep unpaved road, with access only by permit.	Same as alternative 1.	Remove road and provide trail access only.	Pave and improve road and expand parking; no restrictions on vehicle access.		
DEL NORTE COAST REDWOODS STATE PARK ENTRANCE ROAD	Provide alternative road access and entrance station. Remove road or convert to trail.	Retain existing access and entrance station.	Same as alternative 2 plus improve drainage and treat erosion potential.	Same as alternative 1.		

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS
GREATER COASTAL DRIVE	Keep two-way, unpaved road. Convert to trail if major road failure occurs.	Same as alternative 1.	Remove road and convert to trail.	Realign, widen, and make drainage and surface improvements.
ENDERTS BEACH ROAD	Convert to day use if necessary to resolve resource degradation issues.	Same as alternative 1.	Convert to day use.	Same as alternative 1.
INTERDEPENDENCE OF	PARKS AND COMMUNITY			
LODGE/ ACCOMMODATIONS	Cooperate with partners in their development of a destination lodge near or adjacent to the parks, with access and thematic links to the parks.	Encourage tribal and/or private sector partners to build a lodge outside the parks.	Same as alternative 2.	Same as alternative 1.
VIEWSHED PROTECTION	As they become available, acquire lands or interest in lands along Highway 101 north of Orick to preserve scenic views.  Identify important visual areas and work with others to protect these areas and improve visual quality.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.
ADJACENT LAND USES	Participate in planning, zoning, and other land use activities that might affect RNSP resources. Where feasible, support and promote land uses that are consistent with maintaining RNSP values.	Monitor land use activities on adjacent lands. Provide input on land use decisions on case-by casebasis.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.
GATEWAY COMMUNITIES	Actively support and assist local communities in efforts to foster sustainable economic development. Provide technical assistance and work with communities to develop tourism and sustainable economic development. Cooperate with local communities and organizations to ensure that information and services were coordinated and provided in convenient locations.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.

ТОРІС	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS		
ADMINISTRATIVE FACILITIES						
OPERATIONS FACILITIES	Consolidate NPS and CDPR facilities wherever it would be costeffective. Retain Crescent City headquarters. Maintain primary NPS maintenance facilities at Requa and primary CDPR facilities at Aubell. Relocate national and state park resource management functions to new facility in Orick. Maintain national and state park protection staff offices at Aubell and, to the extent practicable, at the facility in the Orick area. Continue small satellite facilities for site operations. Retain Crescent Beach Education Center for interpretive staff offices.  Retain Schoolhouse Peak fire lookout for fire protection and evaluate for other administrative or public uses. Remove when no longer needed.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1, with added efforts to consolidate operations facilities with other agencies outsides the parks.	Same as alternative 1.		
Housing	Most RNSP employees would continue to live in local communities. Provide in-park housing for permanent staff needed to provide emergency services to the public or to protect RNSP resources and facilities or for seasonal and volunteer staff housing essential to the management and protection of the parks. Continue to retain most existing NPS and CDPR housing.	Same as alternative 1, except that appropriate seasonal housing would be retained at Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park.	Most RNSP employees and volunteers would continue to live in local communities. Retain NPS housing at Hiouchi, Orick, Wolf Creek, and Bald Hills areas. Retain a single housing unit at both Jedediah Smith and Del Norte Coast Redwoods State Parks. Retain Boyes House at Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park for emergency services staff and Gold Bluffs Beach residence for ranger assigned to Gold Bluffs Beach. Remove single-family housing at Requa and restore site.	Same as alternative 1.		

TOPIC	ALTERNATIVE 1 PROPOSED ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 2 NO ACTION	ALTERNATIVE 3 PRESERVATION EMPHASIS	ALTERNATIVE 4 VISITOR USE EMPHASIS			
LAND ACQUISITION							
FEDERAL LANDS	Continue program for acquiring lands with significant resource or scenic values within mandated limits. Analyze acquisitions according to criteria. (See also "Boundary Map Adjustments" in table 7.)	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.			
STATE PARK LANDS	Boundary adjustments would be sought for lands or interest in lands that would be acquired. (See also "Boundary Map Adjustments" in table 7.)	Same as alternative 1. (See also "Boundary Map Adjustments" in table 7.)	Same as alternative 1. (See also "Boundary Map Adjustments" in table 7.)	Same as alternative 1. (See also "Boundary Map Adjustments" in table 7.)			
WILDERNESS PROPOSALS							
	Create state wilderness areas in Jedediah Smith and Prairie Creek Redwoods State Parks.	Make no state wilderness proposals.	Create state wilderness areas in Jedediah Smith, Prairie Creek, and Del Norte Coast Redwoods State Parks.	Create a state wilderness area in Jedediah Smith Redwoods State Park.			
	No federal wilderness would be proposed.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.	Same as alternative 1.			
ESTIMATED GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS							
	\$27.5 million	\$20.9 million	\$8.3 million	\$58.4 million			